Using the Community as a Classroom: A Toolkit for Educators Working with Communities Joy D. Doll, OTD, OTR/L Kathy Flecky, OTD, OTR/L

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Sample Community Assessment

Please take a moment to check those topics/medical conditions that you would be interested in learning more about. Your input is important in helping us meet your needs. All responses are anonymous.

Medica	l Conditions		
	Depression		Insomnia
	Osteoporosis		High cholesterol
	Arthritis		Thyroid disorders
	High blood pressure		Stroke
	Diabetes		Alzheimer's Disease
	Allergies		Incontinence
	Enlarged Prostate		Chronic Obstructive
			Pulmonary Disease
	Parkinson's Disease		Blood Clots
	Gastroesophageal Reflux		Glaucoma
	Disease		Common colds/flu
	Irritable Bowel Syndrome		Constipation
	Other	Othe	r
<u>Lifestyl</u>	e Management Issues		
	Smoking Cessation		Balance assessments
	Exercise		Home safety assessments
	Diet/weight management		Nutrition counseling
	Blood pressure screening		Fall prevention
	Osteoporosis risk screening		Depression screening
Medica	tion Management		
	Drug interactions		

	Minimizing medications to avoid taking too many
	How to talk with physicians (questions to ask them)
Medica	ation Management continued
	How to talk with pharmacists (questions to ask them)
	When Drugs and Alcohol Don't Mix
	Tips to help with taking medications
	Inappropriate medications to avoid
	Counseling on calcium supplementation
	Common herbal products
	Appropriate use of over the counter products
I would	be interested in the following health screenings:
	Blood pressure Lipid screening
	Diabetes screening Osteoporosis screening
	Cholesterol check Home safety check
	Medication Review Balance assessment
	Depression screening
	Peripheral Vascular Disease Assessment
I would	d prefer to participate in a program if it were offered (check all that you are interested in):
	Small group session (10 people or less)
	Large group session (10 or more people)
	One to one session (especially for topic)
	At my home
What d	lay and time work best for you?
Day of	the Week:

Time of Day: Morning (9-11 am) Afternoon (1-4 pm)

Evening (5:30-8 pm)

We appreciate your responses and will try our best to meet your needs! Please mail in the enclosed envelope.

Thank You



School Health Needs Assessment

In order to develop a program that targets the needs of the students, we have developed this short needs assessment to help us understand and identify the health needs of the students at he School in order to potentially match mutually beneficial community engagement opportunities conducted by our students. Please complete the following.

In order to make this program a success, please take a moment to indicate health concerns and areas of health education that you feel would benefit your students. Please check as many topics as you feel are important to your students.

	Asthma
	Exercise Instruction/Physical Fitness
	Obesity
	Diabetes
	Calcium Counseling (how much for a health diet)
	Substance use/abuse
	Tobacco Use Prevention
	Nutrition/Healthy Eating
	Building Strong Bones
	Skin Cancer Prevention/Screenings
	Coping with Stress
	Diabetes
	Proper Hand Washing
	Health Careers
	Other:
	Other:
	Other:
We inv	ite you to comment further on any topics you feel are relevant to the program and your students.

Thank you for your time. We look forward to working with you and your students.

Health Outreach Program Contract

Community Partner Contact Information: Community Partner: _____ Contact: Phone: _____ E-mail: _____ Title of Event: Date of Event: We, representatives from the ______ within the School of _____ at , agree to provide the following services as part of the Health Outreach Program. We agree to provide the following services (see checked items): ☐ Osteoporosis Screenings ☐ Exercise Instruction ☐ Health Equipment Safety ☐ Home Safety Education ☐ Calcium Counseling ☐ Medication Reviews □ Depression Screenings □ Other: University Contact Signature: Date: Community Partner Contact: Date: _____

Memorandum of Understanding

This document constitutes a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) between (name of partner) and the (name of partner) regarding the (title of the project or program).

(Describe the history of the partnership)

Roles and Responsibilities:

Creighton University School of Pharmacy and Health Professions agrees to implement the following:

- Develop and implement an evidence-based and culturally relevant stress management program for the prevention of suicide
- Develop sensory rooms and a traveling sensory workshop for the purpose of stress management as a tool for suicide prevention in the Omaha Nation and Walthill Schools
- Conduct stress management workshops 4 times per year in the community
- Engage in planning and development as needed in partnership with the Omaha Nation **Community Response Team**
- Provide training to Omaha Nation Community Response Team staff and school staff in the stress management program for sustainability

Planning and Development Contact Person:

- Joy D. Doll, OTD, OTR/L, Assistant Professor, Clinical Education, Department of Occupational Therapy, Creighton University
- Staff/Faculty from the Office of Interprofessional Scholarship, Service and Education (OISSE) as needed

Resources Provided by Creighton University School of Pharmacy and Health Professions:

- Expertise of Dr. Joy Doll, who has an established relationship in the community and experience with program development and implementation in several underserved communities
- Doctor of Occupational Therapy students who have received cultural awareness training to assist in program implementation
- Transportation of students and faculty to the community

I hereby agree to fulfill my sections of this project, and I agree to abide by the terms and conditions
contained in this Memorandum of Understanding between the Creighton University School of Pharmacy
and Health Professions and the Omaha Nation Community Response Team.

I hereby agree to fulfill my sections of this project, and I agree to abide by the terms and conditions contained in this Memorandum of Understanding between the Creighton University School of Pharmacy and Health Professions and the Omaha Nation Community Response Team.
Signature:
Signature:
Q.

Community Health Outreach

Community Health Fair Evaluation

	ization:		
Thank		is health fair. We ar	re always trying to improve our events and you
1.	How would you rate the ☐ Excellent	nealth fair? □ Fair	□ Poor
	Comments:		
2.		- ,	ormally do as a result of anything you learned or ercising or eating better? ☐ Yes ☐ No
3.	How do you plan on using the ways you plan to use ☐ I do not plan to use the	the information you	Fair information received today? Please check al u received today.
	☐ I plan to read pamphl	ets for my own bene	efit.
	☐ I plan to share inform	ation with friends, r	relatives, or neighbors. If so, how many?
	☐ I plan to see a physicia	an or other health c	are professional.
	☐ I found that I had a he	ealth problem I did r	not know about before.
	☐ I found that someone	in my family had a h	nealth problem we did not know about before.
	□ Other:		
4.	Why did you come to the ☐ Free screenings ☐	Health Fair? Check ☐ Convenient	all that apply. ☐ Curious about health
	☐ Felt sick recently ☐	☐ My family	☐ Chronic health condition(s)
	☐ Other:		
5.	If you had any unhealthy up examination with you	-	rough screenings, do you plan on getting a follow re provider?

7.	Topics I would like to see at the next Health Fair:
8.	Other comments/suggestions:



Participant Release

l,	, the undersigned.	agree that I shall rel	ease	or_
its representatives from all r	esponsibility in connection	on with the	(name of service	
learning project).				
I further agree that I will rel	ease	from any responsi	bility and liability for loss or	
damage to property and/or	injury to or death of pers	ons caused by or in o	connection with suggestions	
made by myself to any indiv	idual.			
I finally agree to hold harmle	ess	harmless from an	y of my personal actions suc	ch
as offering suggestions, train	ning, or services and defe	nd f	rom any and all losses,	
expenses, attorney fees, dar	mages, claims and judgme	ents arising from or g	rowing out of the suggestio	ns,
use, operation, maintenance	e, presence or removal of	these bars, supports	and other safety features o	r
modifications suggested by	myself to anyone.			
Signed:				
Date:				
Witness:				
Date:				

Experiential Learning: Community Partner Justification Assignment (Campus students)

Name:	
Top Choice:	
2 nd Choice:	
3 rd Choice:	
No Preference (put an X):	
Why did you choose your top choice?	
What are your learning objectives for this experience related to the course? (W	/rite at least 3)
What community partner would you least like? Why?	
triat sommanity parallel would you least like? Why.	
If you have no preference, why?	

Experiential Learning: Community Partner Justification Assignment (Distance students)

Name:	
Name of Organization:	
Organizational Mission:	-
Why did you choose this community partner?	
Describe how this organization fulfills the course requirements.	
Describe what activity you will do at the community site.	
What are your learning objectives for this experience related to the course? (W	/rite at least 3)

Service Learning Preparatory Assignment

Instructions: Answer the following questions prior to your service learning experience.

What are you top 3 anxieties or worries about this experience	What are v	ou top 3	anxieties	or worries about	this experience?
---	------------	----------	-----------	------------------	------------------

1.

2.

3.

What are the top three things you hope to gain or learn from this experience?

1.

2.

3.



Community Partner Reflection #1: Initial Meeting Reflection

Provide details for the following questions. Post your responses on the course website discussion board.

What were your first impressions of your community partner?

What questions/concerns do you have in working with this partner?

What do you see as the strengths/positives in working with this partner?

What is one thing you already learned from your partner?

Community Partner Reflection #2

Provide details for the following questions. Post your responses on the course website discussion board.

- 1. What did you do with your service partner the last time you met with him/her? What things did you talk about?
- 2. Thus far, do you feel successful, effective in what you wanted to accomplish?
- 3. How are you applying the concepts from class into your experiential learning?
- 4. How has this experience enhanced your personally?
- 5. What is it that is frustrating or challenging about this experience?



Community Partner Reflection #3

Provide details for the following questions. Submit your reflection to the Instructor.

Think about your experiences throughout the semester with your community partner. If you were to identify a metaphor/simile that describes your experiences with this service-learning project, what would it be?

My community partner and/or my learning experience is or is like_____

Provide a diagram/picture of your metaphor and in a one-page description of linking your metaphor with your experiences and your text, explain your choice. In doing so, use three text ideas (clearly identifying with page numbers) in your rationale.

Logistics: One-page – typed.

Community Partner Reflection #4

Provide details for the following questions. Submit your reflection to the Instructor.

Bumper Stickers

Purpose:

Now that you have met with your community partner for most of the semester, you should think about what your community partner means to you and how you could characterize your community partner.

Assignment:

Create a bumper sticker that would reflect the essence of your community partner and their culture.

Additional Reflection Questions

Answer the following questions openly and honestly about this experience. Push yourself to really think and stretch. Do not be afraid of any strong or negative reactions you may be experiencing – let's deal with them through discussion. The reflection responses and discussion is confidential and meant for your learning so let me know what I can do to maximize your learning experience.

- 1. Why did you choose to participate in this experience?
- 2. What do you hope to gain from this experience?
- 3. How do you think this experience will impact you in the future?
- 4. What have you observed about the culture that was different than you expected?
- 5. How are you growing and changing from this experience?
- 6. What do you feel yourself wanting to do? How do you want to help those you encounter? Can you do it or do you feel helpless?
- 7. What has this experience meant to you?
- 8. How have you changed because of this experience?
- 9. What would you keep the same about this experience?
- 10. What would you do differently about this experience?



International Experience Reflection Questions

These questions were designed and meant for use in international service learning experiences.

Answer the following questions openly and honestly about this experience. Push yourself to really think and stretch. Do not be afraid of any strong or negative reactions you may be experiencing – let's deal with them through discussion. The reflection responses and discussion is confidential and meant for your learning so let me know what I can do to maximize your learning experience.

- 1. What is your biggest struggle here?
- 2. What is your biggest joy here?
- 3. What have you observed about the culture that was different than you expected?
- 4. How are you growing and changing from this experience?
- 5. Share a story from your experience that you will never forget.
- 6. What do you feel yourself wanting to do? How do you want to help those you encounter? Can you do it or do you feel helpless?
- 7. What has this experience meant to you?
- 8. How have you changed because of this experience?
- 9. What would you keep the same about this experience?
- 10. What would you do differently about this experience?



Community Partner Reflection Grading Rubric

Name:

Criteria	Points	Comments
	Earned	
5 – Reflection demonstrates		
strong personal connection		
with reflective ideas including		
what the experience means to		
you		
3 – Reflection demonstrates		
personal connection with	5	
reflective ideas including what		
the experience means to you		
1 - Reflection demonstrates		
personal connection with		
reflective ideas but lacks		
connection to student		
0 – Reflection is poor lacking		
personal connection		
5 – Reflection integrates both		
positive and negative reactions		
to the experiences with your		
community partner along with		
rationale for your reactions		
3 – Reflection integrates both		
positive and negative reactions	5	
to the experiences but lacks		
appropriate rational for		
reactions		
1 – Reflection integrates only		
positive or negative reactions		
but not both		
0 - Reflection is poor lacking		
expression of reactions		
5 – Reflection clearly integrates		
course concepts including class		
presentations, class discussion,		
and course readings		
3 - Reflection clearly integrates		
course concepts but is missing	5	
representation specifically from		
class presentations, class		
discussion, and course readings		
1 – Reflection unclearly		
discusses course concepts		
0 – Reflection lacks integration		
of course concepts		
3 – Reflection demonstrates		
clear critical thought and		
commitment to personal		

growth through the community partner experiences 1 - Reflection demonstrates unclear critical thought and commitment to personal growth through the community partner experiences 0 - Reflection is poor lacking critical thought	3	
1 – Reflection lacks grammar or spelling errors 0 – More than 1 grammatical or spelling error exist	1	
TOTAL	/19	



Service Learning In-Class Activity

Community Partner Brainstorming Session

Names:	
Commu	unity Partner:
brought	cions: Get into your community partner groups. Reflect on the following questions and concerns t forth by your classmates in the Community Partner Reflection. Identify strategies for addressing oncerns with your community partner.
1.	How will the clients apply the health concepts we teach them to their lives? How do we ensure this happens through our activities?
2.	How can I be creative and engage the participants in this health information?
3.	How do I build rapport with someone who has a drastically different life experience than me?
4.	I am nervous to go into this environment because I feel like I might be unsafe. How do I prepare and deal with these fears?
5.	How can I make the health information I share appealing to the cultural group I am serving?

Service Learning Pre-Survey

Directions: Please complete the following survey prior to your experience with the Health Report Card Project. Answer openly and honestly. All answers will be kept strictly confidential.

Demographic Information: Please complete the following demographic data for tracking purposes. In any research, your name or any personal identifiers will not be used.

Name:				
Year in OT School:			•	
Gender			•	
Have you done servi	ce learning before	? O YES	O NO	
If yes, describe what	you have done.		•	
Please answer the fo	ollowing questions	based on this scal	e:	
5=Strongly Agree	4=Agree 3=	Undecided 2	=Disagree 1=St	rongly disagree
1. It is important for	me to identify and	d address the need	ds of my communit	ry.
C 5	° 4	° 3	° 2	° 1
2. I believe it is nece	essary to volunteer	my time to provid	de service.	
C 5	C 4	° 3	° 2	° 1
3. Service opportuni	ties gave me a diffe	erent perspective	of real life.	
O 5	C 4	O 3	C 2	° 1
4. I intend to engage	e in service as part	of my professiona	al career.	
C 5	O 4	C 3	° 2	° 1

5. I	5. I will provide community service without financial benefit.								
0	5	0	4	0	3	0	2	0	1
			ry qualities (i.e. nmunity service		oonsibility, acco	unta	bility, manners	, initi	ative) to
0	5	0	4	0	3	0	2	0	1
7. N	⁄ly involvement	in se	erving the comr	muni	ty has a positive	e soc	ietal impact.		
0	5	0	4	0	3	0	2	0	1
8. I	think all people	e sho	uld make time	to co	ontribute to the	ir cor	mmunity.		
0	5	0	4	0	3	0	2	0	1
9. T	he community :	servi	ce requirement	is no	ot beneficial to	my o	ccupational the	erapy	education.
0	5	0	4	0	3	0	2	9	1
10.	l believe occupa	ation	al therapists sh	ould	participate in c	omn	nunity service.		
0	5	0	4	0	3	0	2	0	1
11.	It is a moral ob	ligati	ion for an occup	oatio	nal therapist to	prov	vide service.		
0	5	0	4	0	3	0	2	0	1
12.	It is not importa	ant fo	or me to partici	pate	in service oppo	rtun	ities		
0	5	0	4	0	3	0	2	0	1
13.	I do communit	y ser	vice only becau	se it	is required.				
0	5	0	4	0	3	0	2	0	1

14. Every person should volunteer time to better society.

15. Providing service was a positive experience for me.

Item Request Form for Health Fair Booth

Student	t Name(s):		
Date: _			
Items R	equested:		
	Item	Price	Quantity
1.			
2.			
3.			
4.			
5.			
	describe how the item will be used (this		ustify to funders as this is a grant funded

Submit item requests to (name of instructor) by (date) via e-mail or drop off to faculty mailbox. If paperwork is not submitted by this deadline, you will be responsible for the purchase of your own booth items.

Service Learning Health Outreach Community Health Fair Faculty Survey

Dear Faculty Members~

We have begun an outreach providing community health fairs in our local community. We want to formalize this process. The following survey will help us know what our faculty can offer.

In return, if a site identifies your topic of expertise, we will contact you with the day and time of the health fair to see if you are able to participate. In return for your participation, we will coordinate all the logistics with the community site. We will also take photos and do all the public relations efforts along with evaluation and tracking of faculty, student and community participation.

In an effort to know what the faculty can provide to the community, please complete the follow	∕ing
survey. Please return to survey by	
Questions? Contact	
Date:	
Name of Faculty Member:	
Department: E-mail:	
Phone:	
1. At a health fair, I could provide the following health screenings:	
2. At a health fair, I could provide the following health information/education:	
3. How often would you be available to participate in a community health fair? ☐ Once a week ☐ Twice a month ☐ Once a month ☐ Once a semester ☐ Other:	
 4. What resources would you need to participate? ☐ Funding for health screenings. If so, estimated cost ☐ Copying ☐ Giveaways related to your health topics ☐ Other supplies: 	

5. Would you be able to incorporate student learning into your health booth?

Toolkit

□ NO □ YES

6. If yes, how many students would you need? _____

7. What year of study would the students be? \Box 1 \Box 2 \Box 3 \Box 4

8. Please identify any other information we should know.



Program Preplanning

Instructions: Identify a community need and analyze its potential for program of	levelopment.
--	--------------

Community Need:	
What is the dominant community need(s)?	
Why should this need(s) be addressed?	
Does the community identify with the	
proposed need(s) as important?	
Is the community ready to address the	
need(s)?	
What resources are needed to address this	
need(s)?	
Who will help address this need(s)?	
What factors will impede meeting this	

need(s)?	



Planning for the Program

Instructions: Prior to initiating formal program development, the occupational therapy practitioner must do some initial planning. This worksheet serves as tool for that planning process.

In each area, brainstorm what resources are needed to lead to the success of the program.

Area of Need	Resources Needed
Staff/Collaborators	
Funding	
Time	
Space/Facilities	

Francista /Composita into	
Experts/Consultants	
Advertising/Marketing	
Stakeholders	

Evaluating Health Behaviors

Instructions: Identify the health behavior to be addressed by the programmatic idea. Evaluate the factors impacting this health behavior. For each factor, identify how this is impacted in the community or group with which the program would be implemented. These factors demonstrate what will either facilitate or inhibit health behavior change.

Factor	Community Profile
Health knowledge	
Biological factors (i.e. genetics)	
Family structure	
Culture	
Social supports	
Socioeconomic status	
Education level	
Education level	
Health care access	
Social stressors	
Health coverage	
Community health practices	
Environmental conditions	

Transportation	
Other:	
Others:	



Program Implementation Plan

Instructions: Complete the following table to assist in developing a program implementation plan.

Goal	Objectives	Activities	Team Member	Timeline

Analyzing a Programmatic Idea

Instructions: Complete this form to analyze the quality of a programmatic idea. Got an idea for a program? Use this worksheet to analyze the idea to determine whether it would work as a successful program.

Idea	
What?	
Describe the idea.	
Who?	
Who is the target population? Who will this	
program serve?	
When?	
When would this idea be implemented?	
Where?	
Where would this idea occur?	
How?	
How can this happen? How will it be funded?	

SWOT Analysis

Instructions: Analyze a program idea using the SWOT Analysis format. SWOT = Strengths, Weaknesses,

Opportunities, Threats. From this analysis, the team can explore the feasibility of the program idea.

Strengths	Weaknesses
Opportunities	Threats
Opportunities	Till Cata

Identifying Community Capacities

Instructions: Identify community capacities using the table below.

Category	Community Capacity
Community stakeholders	
Community Stakeholders	
Community partnerships	
Physical spaces	
Funding resources	
Community experts	
In-kind donations	
Othor	
Other	



Slide Notes: This presentation provides a brief entrée in the meaning and purpose of engaging in service.



Slide Notes: Seek a volunteer from the audience. Place a blindfold on the volunteer. Ask for another volunteer from the audience. That volunteer will help the blindfolded individual fold a piece of paper into a paper airplane.

After the activity, ask the following questions:

Volunteer #1 (blindfolded): How did it feel to need assistance? What was different than being able to do it yourself? Did you feel frustrated? If so, why?

Volunteer #2: How did it feel to help this person? Why do you think it felt that way? How do you think the other person felt?

To the group: Why do this activity? Why is it important to consider how each person in this scenario feels?

To serve...

- Would you want to be served?
- Would you want to be viewed as in need of "service"?
- When we serve, who do we really serve?
 - Our needs or the needs of others?

Slide Notes: These questions are meant to be rhetorical to evoke thought. Allow discussion if audience desires.

Service

- When we serve, service insinuates dependence
 - The dynamic is that someone is in need and the other has something to offer
- We assume that we are needed
- We have to ask ourselves why we serve
- However, I do believe that service can benefit others
- What do you believe?

Slide Notes: Allow the audience to process these thoughts and have some participants share if they so desire.

Today we are discussing...

- Service...
 - Giving what you don't have to give. Giving when you don't need to give. Giving because you want to give.
 - Damien Hess

Slide Notes: None

Learning Objectives

By the end of this session, participants will be able to:

- Define components of engagement with a community partner
- Identify the value of service for you and others
- Discuss the importance of reflection related to service

Slide Notes: None

What is service?

- Community service service a person performs to benefit a community
- Service learning the combo of academic curriculum with service with guided/structured reflection
 - Also known as civic responsibility

Slide Notes: Defining these terms is an important part of helping students understand their role in the dynamics of service context. The difference in these terms is key for the student to understand because students do not automatically understand the purpose and learning objectives of service learning experiences. Service learning is reciprocal with the community members acting as the teachers of some invaluable life lessons. Service learning is more than community service because it has specific learning objectives associated with it and is done within the context of a specific course.

Community-based Learning

- Learning that occurs in the community
 - Community as classroom
 - Brings course to life
 - Real world preparation
- Community members are the instructors

Slide Notes: Community-based learning is learning that occurs outside of the classroom context in the community context. It offers application of course materials and real world preparation and experiences with the course material. In this model, community members are the instructors offering the opportunity for students to learn in the community.

Community engagement

- Simply means working *with* the community (in a sense, becoming part of it)
- Ideally, you are a part of the community
 - Why do you think this is important?

Slide Notes: Community engagement is another term often used in community settings. It simply means an individual works with the community to address some sort of community need. Examples include politicians or researchers who work with the community to aid in policy or research outcomes.

The Community's Perspective

- Communities define the need
- Community assessment
 - Addresses both needs and assets (or capacities) of community
- As a person in service, you must recognize the work required by the community to have the service opportunity
- Community partnership

Slide Notes: Taking on a community-centered approach is key to being successful in service learning experiences. Despite the fact that the experience is about student learning, it is geared and developed around the community need. Students cannot forget that without the community, the service experience does not exist. After the community defines the need, a community assessment may be performed to determine what students can offer to the community. Community assessments should explore both the needs and the capacities of the community in order to determine what role students will play. Students need to acknowledge and understand community work requires an investment by the community itself including time and resources. The purpose of community-based service learning is a partnership where both students and communities benefit.

Reciprocity

- An exchange of learning
- Bridges theories to practice
- Relationship-based
- "Server and served provide & receive" (Greene, 1998, p. 411)
- Without reciprocity, your work is charity or a nice thing to do

Slide Notes: Service learning needs to be reciprocal and a partnership as previously mentioned.

Reciprocity makes service learning authentic and meaningful. Without reciprocity, a community may actually be violated and only the student benefits, which is unethical and violates social justice principles.

Service & Culture

- Things to keep in mind
 - Service is defined differently in different cultures
 - Needs vary based on cultural values
 - Health & healing is defined by the cultural values
 - Be aware of your culture and biases

Slide Notes: Service does not mean the same thing for everyone. Culture and social beliefs can influence services. In some cases, some groups are open to service but in others, it is not something to be done. Some groups feel they have been taken advantage of and do not value service learning. However, if principles of reciprocity and community centeredness are followed, then success is likely.

Strategies for success

- History
- Trust
- Mutuality
- Community ownershi
- Flexibility
- Open communication
- Cultural awareness

- Shared vision
- Unique skill set
- Build on assets
- Funding
- Compromise
- Sustainability plan
- Slide Notes: To be successful in service learning, specific factors need to be considered. 1) History an established history with a community can help in developing relevant community activities both for the community and the students; 2) Trust in a partnership, trust is important to maintain relationships and for each person in the relationship to be able to express their concerns; 3) Mutuality in a partnership, all members should receive mutual benefit. If mutual benefit is not attained, something is wrong and the partnership and activities need to be re-evaluated; 4) Community ownership the community owns the project and should make the decisions on how the project is implemented; 5) Flexibility flexibility is key to community work as the context is different and less controlled than the traditional classroom. Both faculty and students need to be flexible in community interactions. 6) Open communication –

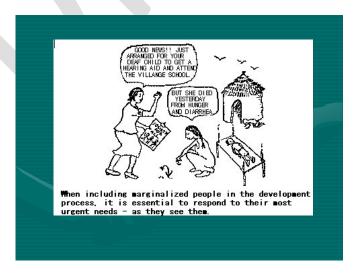
communication needs to occur between all parties including the faculty and community, the faculty and students and the community. Open communication can avoid conflict or challenges; 7)

Cultural awareness – in any cross-cultural interaction, cultural awareness is key to success. Being open and reflective ensures cultural conflicts do not arise. 8) Shared vision – similar to mutuality, the partners must have a shared vision with collective buy-in to this vision for successful outcomes. 9) Unique skill set – Service learning often requires skills that are unique including the ability to communicate on multiple levels, identify challenges and amend these challenges, and the ability to reflect to identify best practices in ongoing partnerships; 10) Build on assets – Any partnership should build on the assets of each partner. What can each partner provide? These assets ensure that resources are maximized and used wisely. 11) Funding – Resources may include funding. In some cases, funds may come from either partner or be garnered through grants; 12) Compromise – each partner must learn to give a little to work together successfully; 13) Sustainability plan – the partnership must work together for sustainability to make a real difference both for the community and students.

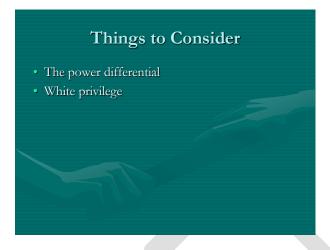
Professionalism

 You must recognize that your knowledge as a health care provider may cloud your vision & differ from the community

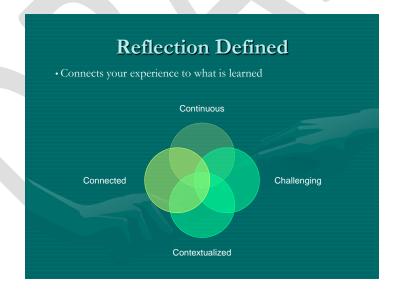
Slide Notes: Professionals learn to think in a certain context. However, this context can be damaging when we only take that lens into context. We need to think broadly in communities considering their needs and not just needs we find important. Remember, professional views can cloud your vision of a community and its needs and capacities. This challenge is important to remember in the context of service learning and can be potentially damaging to a partnership.



Slides Notes: This cartoon demonstrates a disconnect between the community and an organization. Obviously, these differences in identified needs can have a damaging impact on a community.



Slide Notes: In most examples of service learning, the student is the individual with power. Power can be intrusive and damaging to a partnership. This can occur in 2 contexts: 1) the student feels like their experience matters only and exhibits their power or 2) the community members perceive students as powerful and follow their lead without a voice. Either scenario is damaging to a community and does not allow needs to be met. Students also need to recognize the challenge of privilege. White individuals are privileged simply by the color of their skin. If working in a cross-cultural context, students need to be aware of their privilege and discuss its potential impact.



Slide Notes: Reflection is a key component of service learning. Reflection connects the experience with the learning objective and frames the context of the service learning activities. Reflection should be ongoing and clearly connected to the activity. In other words, reflection questions should surround both the experience and the didactic learning outcomes desired. In this sense, reflection should be contextualized. Reflection should also be challenging forcing the student to explore their personal beliefs and challenge themselves to grow.

Personal Biases & Service

- You have to be aware of your biases including:
 - Your definition of community
 - Your values/beliefs
 - Do you have bias/prejudice?
- In service, you will not only face the beauty of your being but also, sometimes, the darkness.
- BUT...this provides growth

Slides Notes: Service learning can provide intense learning experiences. Students struggle with poverty, privilege, racism, bias, and their own beliefs about social issues. These need to be handled with care so students can grow and not simply shut down when faced with these challenges. Students should be made aware of the challenges of service learning and be able to grow from the experiences.

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Community Engagement Request Form

Greetings [~] I am following up to confirm your interest in having students participate in a maximum of 10
hours of service learning for a course. I want the students to learn the importance and impact of
These are (identify type of student) students
The purpose of this service will be to help the students:
Please identify a small project the students could assist you with by answering the questions below.
Please feel free to contact me with any questions/concerns. Thank you and I look forward to working
with you.
Contact Name:
Name of Site/Program:
Population Description:
Program Description:
Date/Time of Activity for (semester and year):
of Students Requested:

Service Learning Focus Group Questions Post-Experience

1.	Describe your role in this experience? e.g. Explain what you learned about yourself by participating in this activity
2.	How do you feel you have influenced the community participants who received the service?
3.	Although various definitions exist, how do you define an underserved population? What is your understanding of what being underserved means?
4.	Describe how this experience has changed your perception of the role physical therapy plays in health promotion, wellness, and promotion?
5.	Using an image or metaphor, share how you felt immediately after this experience. Please explain. At the end of this experience, I felt like